

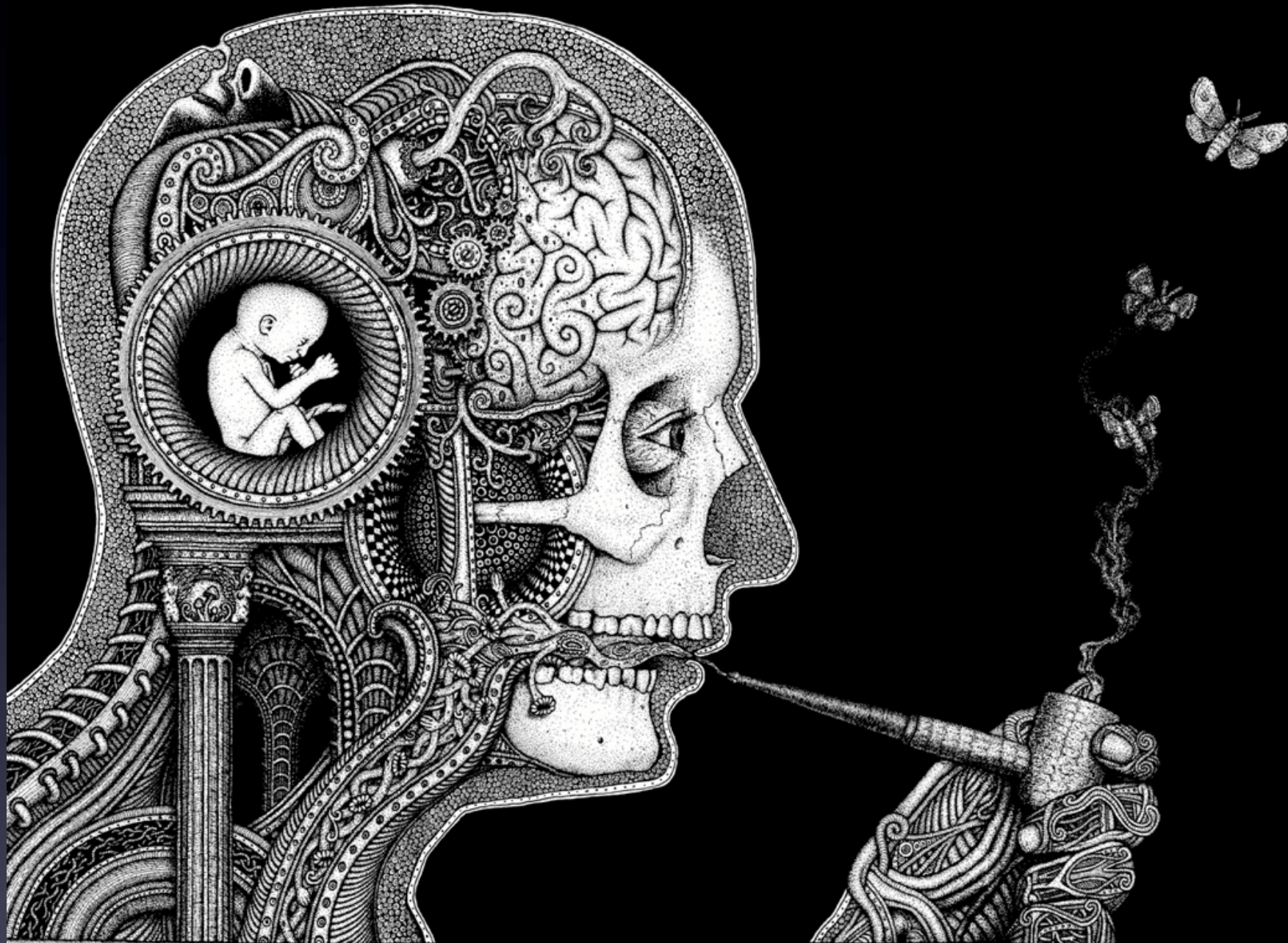
UNHS - We started it

What are we achieving & where do we want to go?

Capi C Wever

7th Australasian Newborn Hearing Screening Conference





UNHS - We started it

What are we achieving & where do we want to go?

Capi C Wever

7th Australasian Newborn Hearing Screening Conference

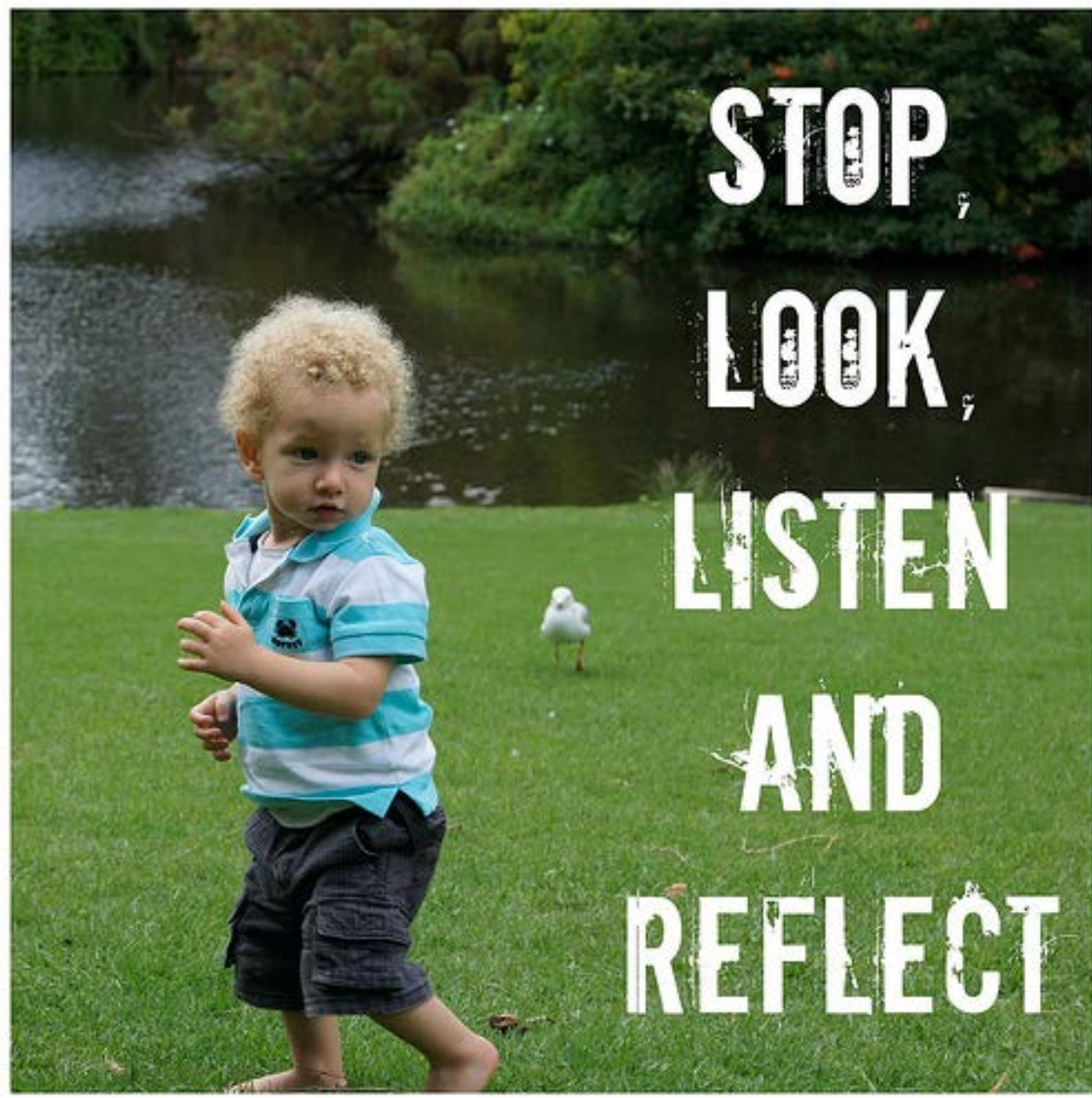
Overview

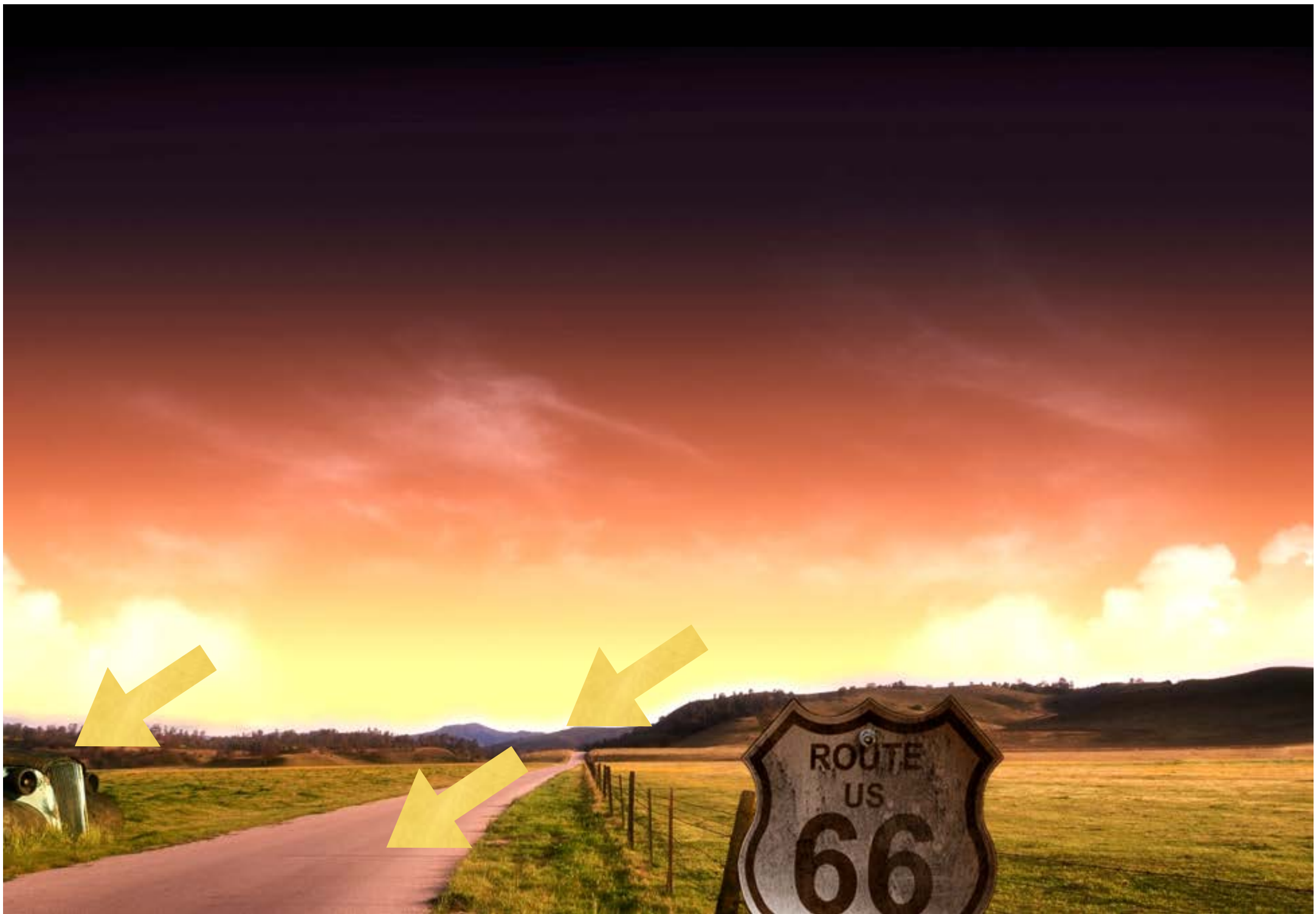
Today: Foundation - where do we stand, why do we do what we do and what does it mean?

Tomorrow: What does it mean to how we relate to parents?









Got to know

Point of departure: why we started it...

Heading

What is/was our purpose...

Where are/were we heading...

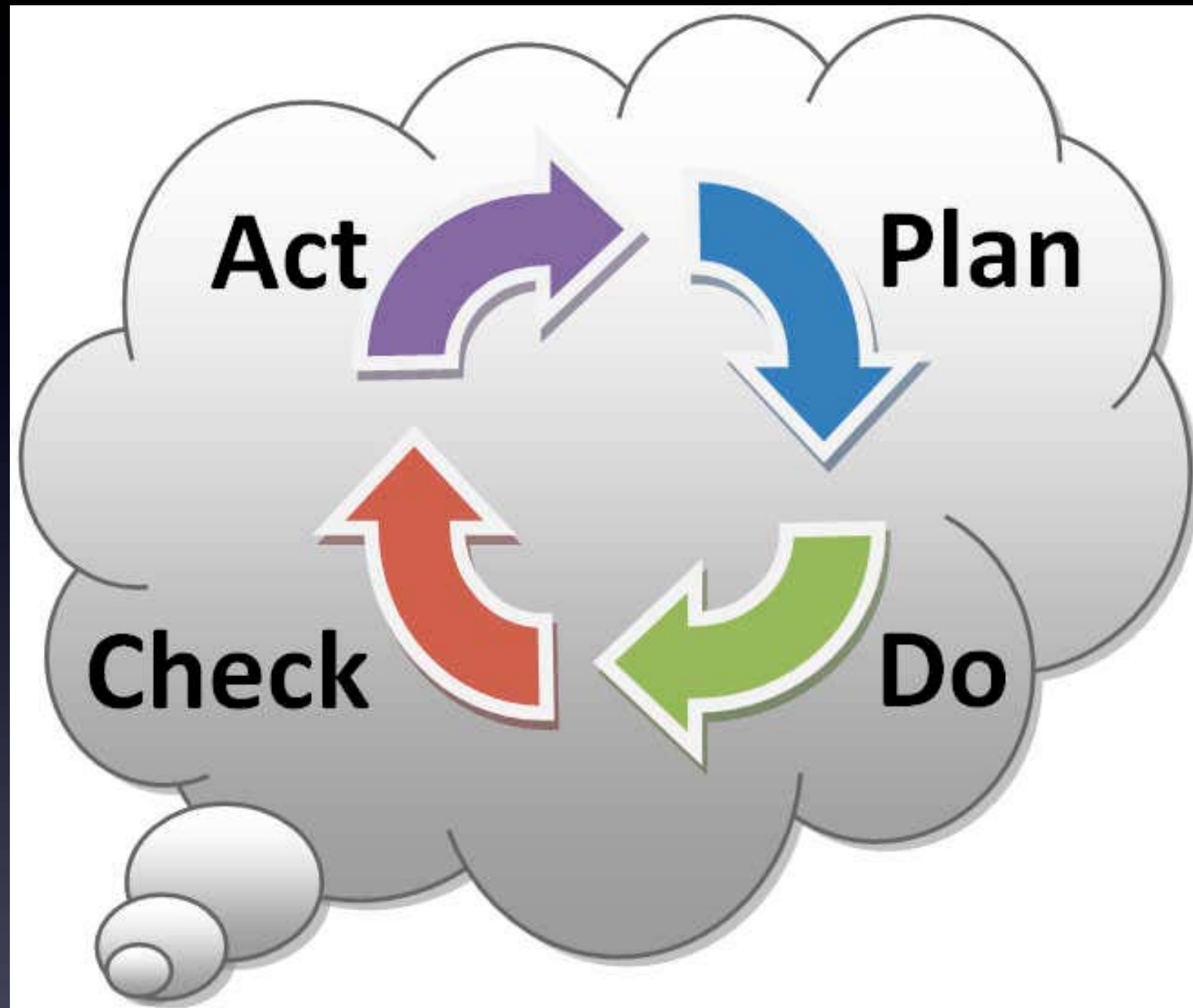
What are/were we trying to achieve...

Check on our progress...

Learn, reflect and improve what we do









Problem



Intervention?

often mentioned that circumstance in Ewing/Capas
age was “suboptimal”

often NOT mentioned *what* intervention one is alluding
to

often hence NOT mentioned which gains are expected
and based on which arguments

hence *vexing* a critical test of gains vs liabilities -- not
an “invitation” to scrutiny or self critique and
improvement

Monitor

How to monitor such system?
What is the standard of care?
What are the outcome demands?
How do we improve ourselves?





UNHS Literature

NL --- no correlation speech

Australia --- no correlation speech

Belgium --- do not report on speech

YET...

worried



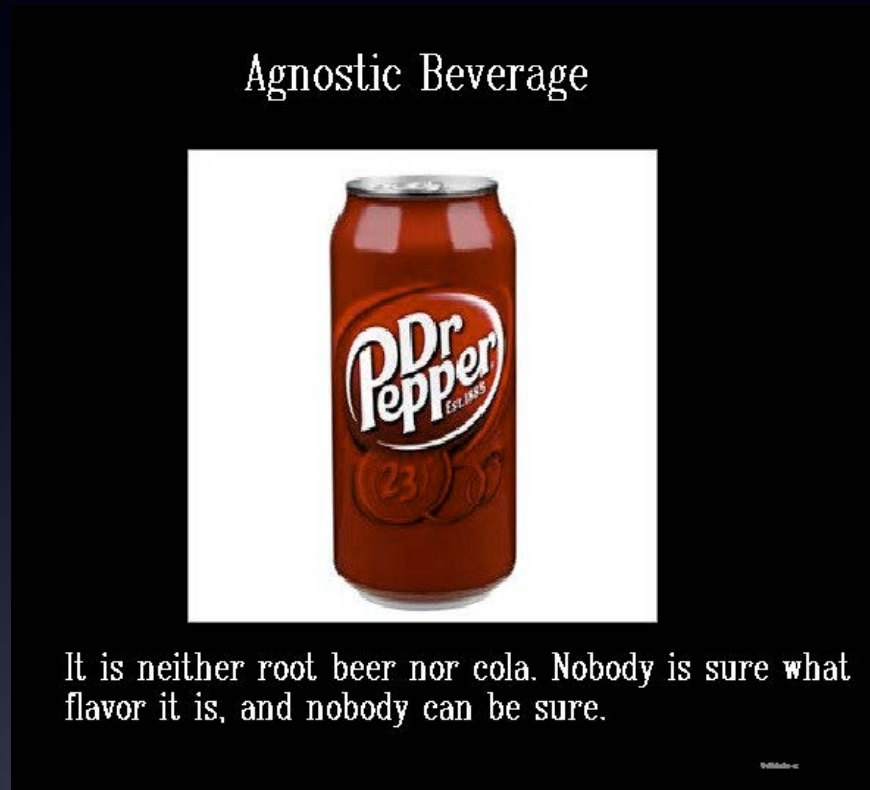
WHAT, ME WORRY?

riah





agnosticism?



Lack of time-awareness & hence
“stuck in the do” of every day

Synesthesia:

(Hence its not about hearing at all!)



Some things don't
make sense without
the symbolic context
or “subtext”

social, moral & science



Foucault

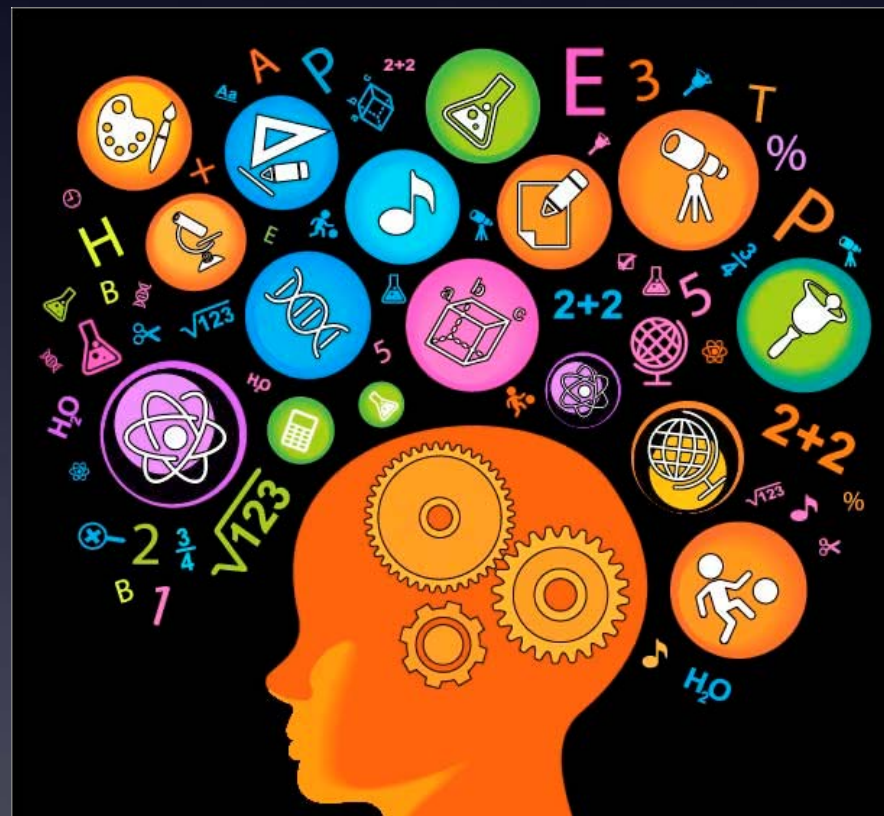
ethical and moral basis always main ingredient of
debate - no short cuts!

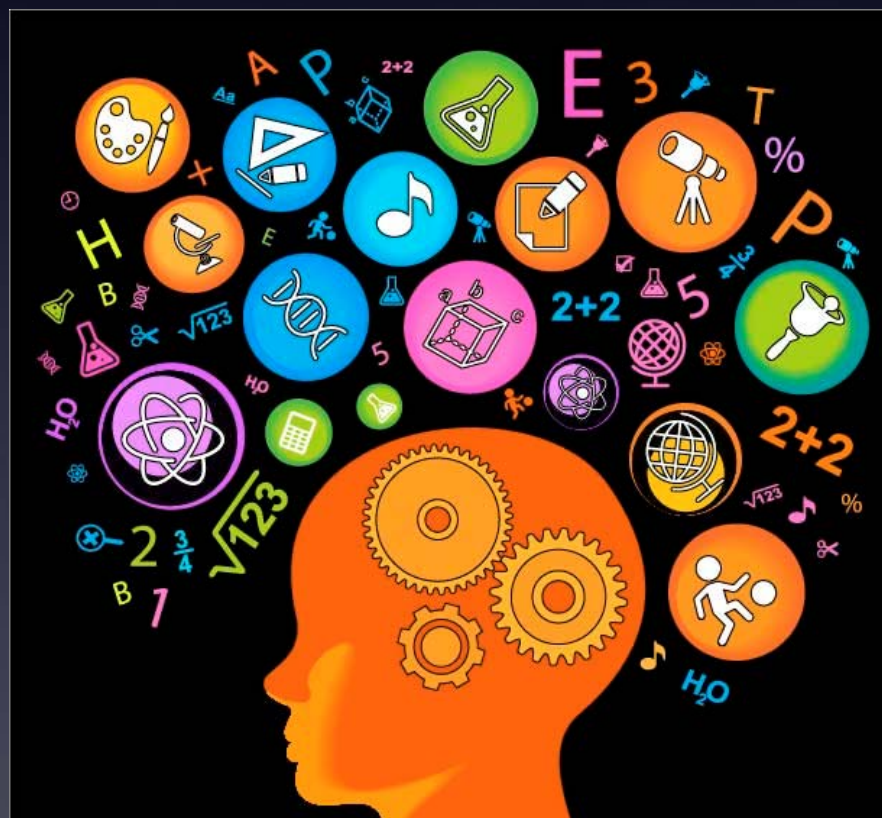
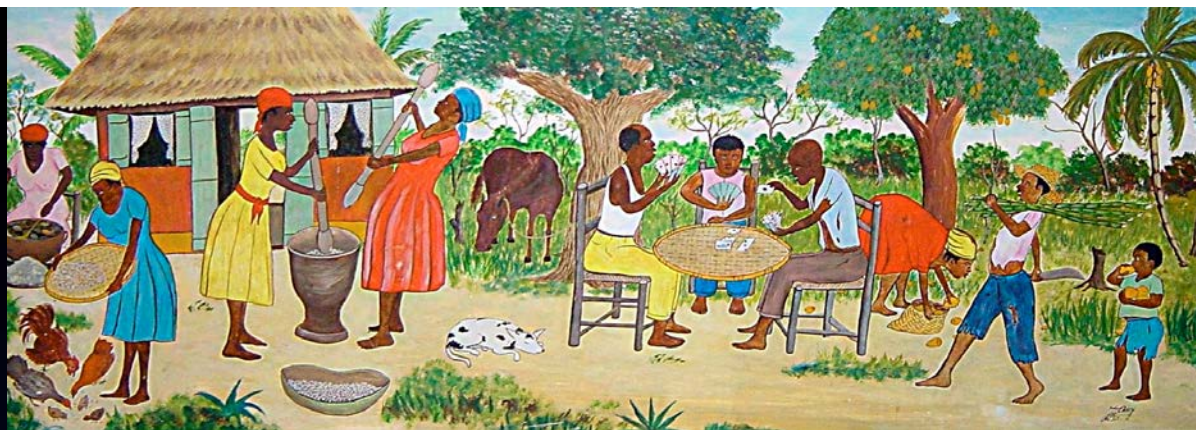
When we lose track of this, be alerted

When people tell you these questions are now
“irrelevant” or refer to statistics, be alerted

When emotions, politics, society is involved, be alerted

hegemony of debate & power intertwined





MAMMOGRAPHY SCREENING

TRUTH, LIES AND CONTROVERSY

PETER C GØTZSCHE

*McDaddy of all screening
isn't it?*

Gøtzsche's book tells of personal attacks on him and on other researchers by the pro-screening lobby, some of whom had financial interests in the continuation of screening programmes, he alleges. He compares screening advocates to religious believers and argues that their hostile attitudes are harmful to scientific progress. A lot of false evidence has been put forward to claim that the screening effect was large, he writes. Those who tried to expose the errors came under personal attack, as if they were blasphemers. (The Guardian 2012)



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Abstract for Effect of Three Decades of Screening Mammography on Breast-Cancer Incidence

Bleyer and H. G. Welch

Engl J Med 367:1998, November 22, 2012

The New England Journal of Medicine • 860 Winter Street • Waltham, MA
02451 • USA

Critique

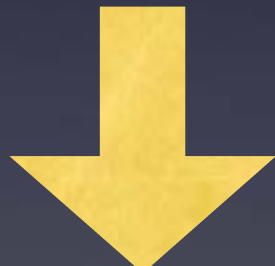
Normative undertone (“save women”)

Act of principle and heroism

Emotional subject & strong societal support

Neglect of collateral damage (false positives)

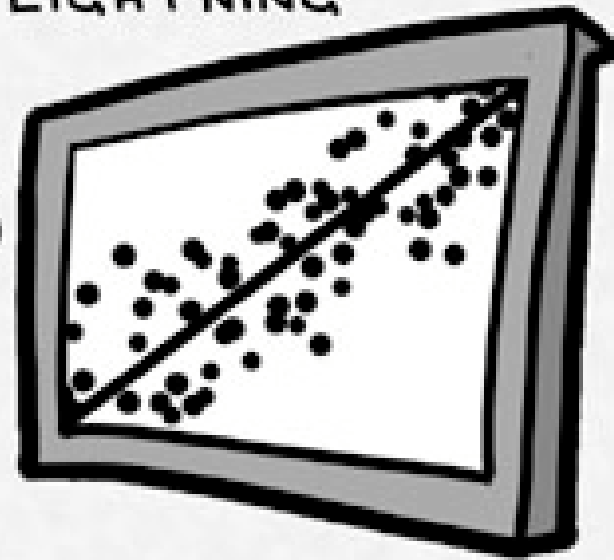
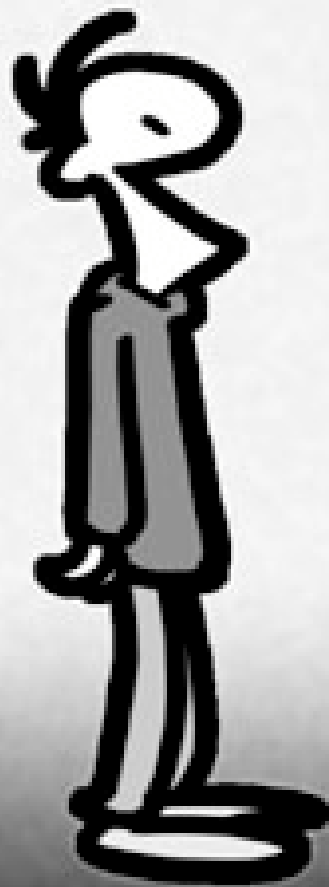
No self-critical evaluation of targets and costs



Grounded on the key
of medical rhetoric
we save lives! Are you against



WHAT'S FREAKING US OUT HERE IS THAT WE'VE
FOUND A CORRELATION BETWEEN OWNING CATS
AND BEING STRUCK BY LIGHTNING



Confirmation bias

Researchers tend to interpret data to fit a hypothesis

This is *worse* when political, societal and emotional issues are involved

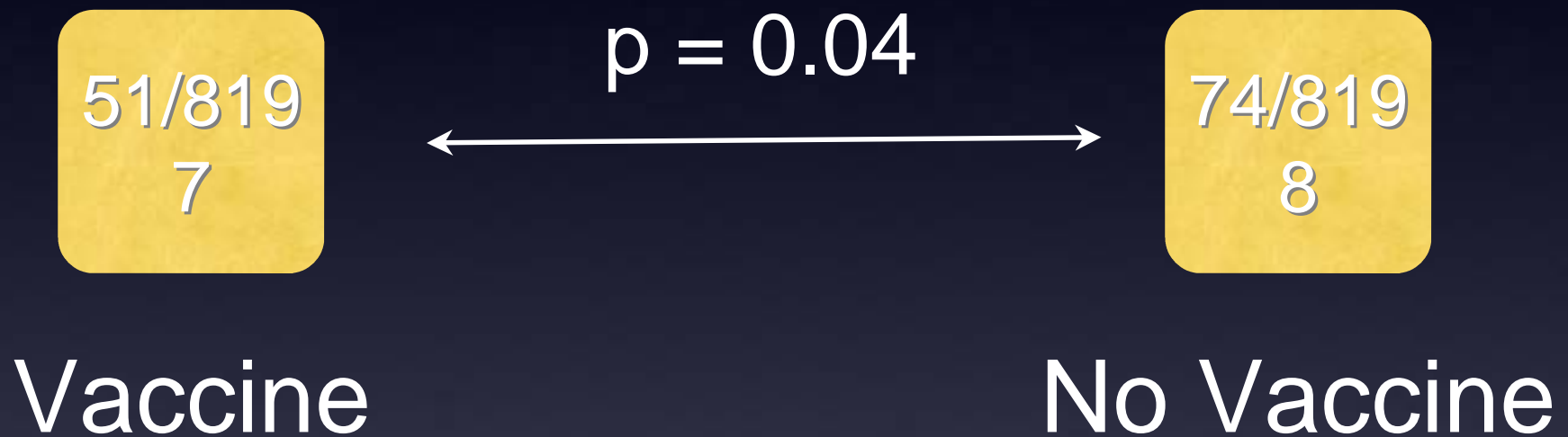
P-value bias is another way of doing this



David Kirby's Final Moments

Photo © 1990 Therese Frare

HIV trial



"P-values speak for themselves"

Is the effect large
enough for *practical*
importance?

Significance tests [potentially] blur the distinction between *statistical significance* and *practical importance* ()





*P-value tells us nothing
about the magnitude of
the effect, let alone the
meaning...which can
be trivial*



The larger the sample size, the greater this potential irrelevance





Ethical end-question

Always as essential as p-value

Is the intervention worth a 0.3% lower chance of getting infected?

Depends on *many* sub-questions

Side effects, invasiveness, morbidity, mortality, emotional burden, cost etc etc

Proportionality

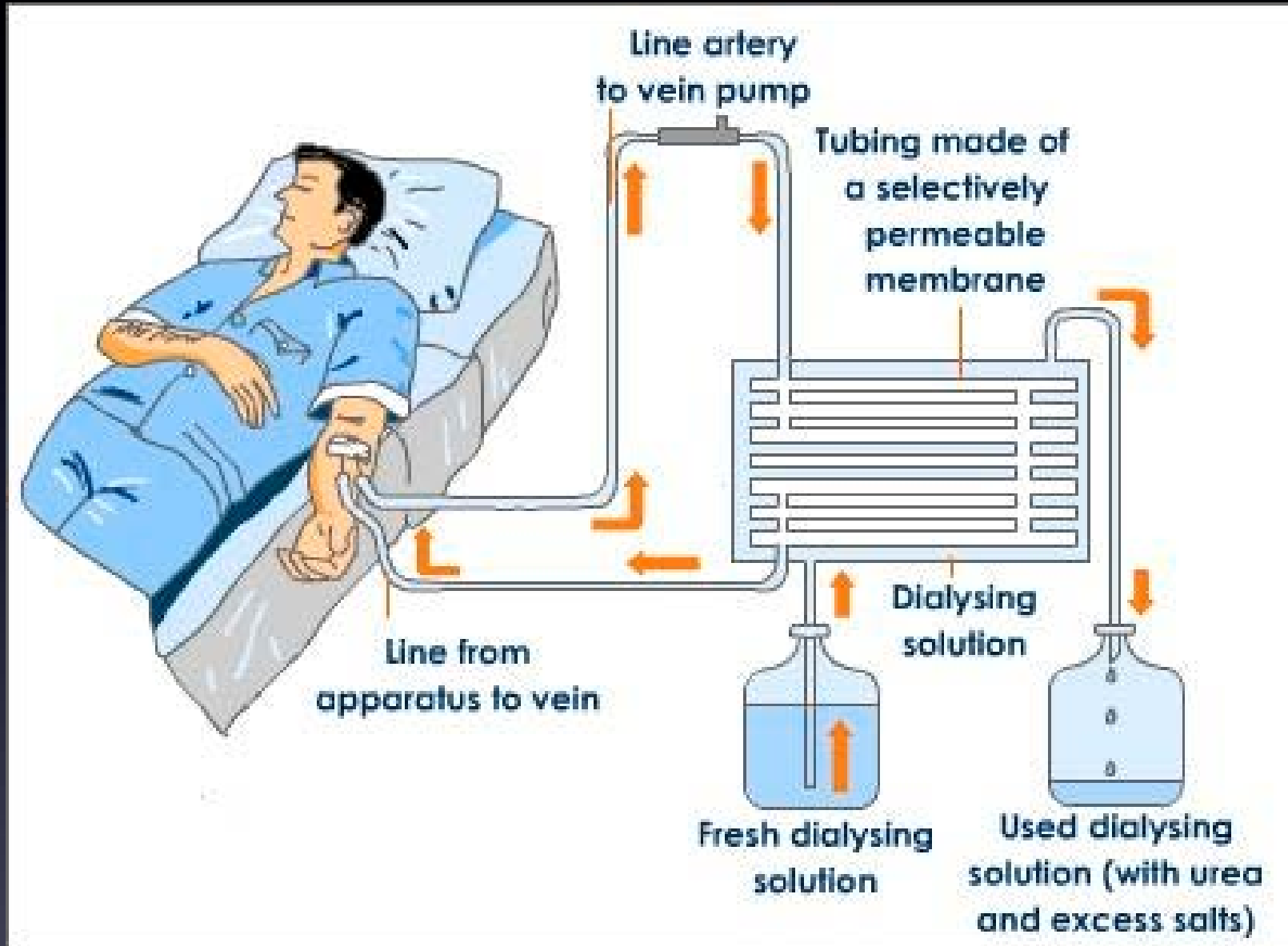
ethics



No short cuts!







Renal dialysis (*)

ensive technology developed early 1960's

72 added to Medicare (USA)

ial trial founded on "idealized population"

Young (37), healthy, end stage renal failure (ESRF)

adual shift to older (50) cases, with more morbidity

ial trials of little relevance today

the “new” dialysis population includes patients with serious chronic illness such as cancer and heart disease and senile patients who are delivered to dialysis centers three times a week from their nursing homes.

According to doctors who treat them, dialysis patients are often deeply unhappy.

Kolata, Science 1980

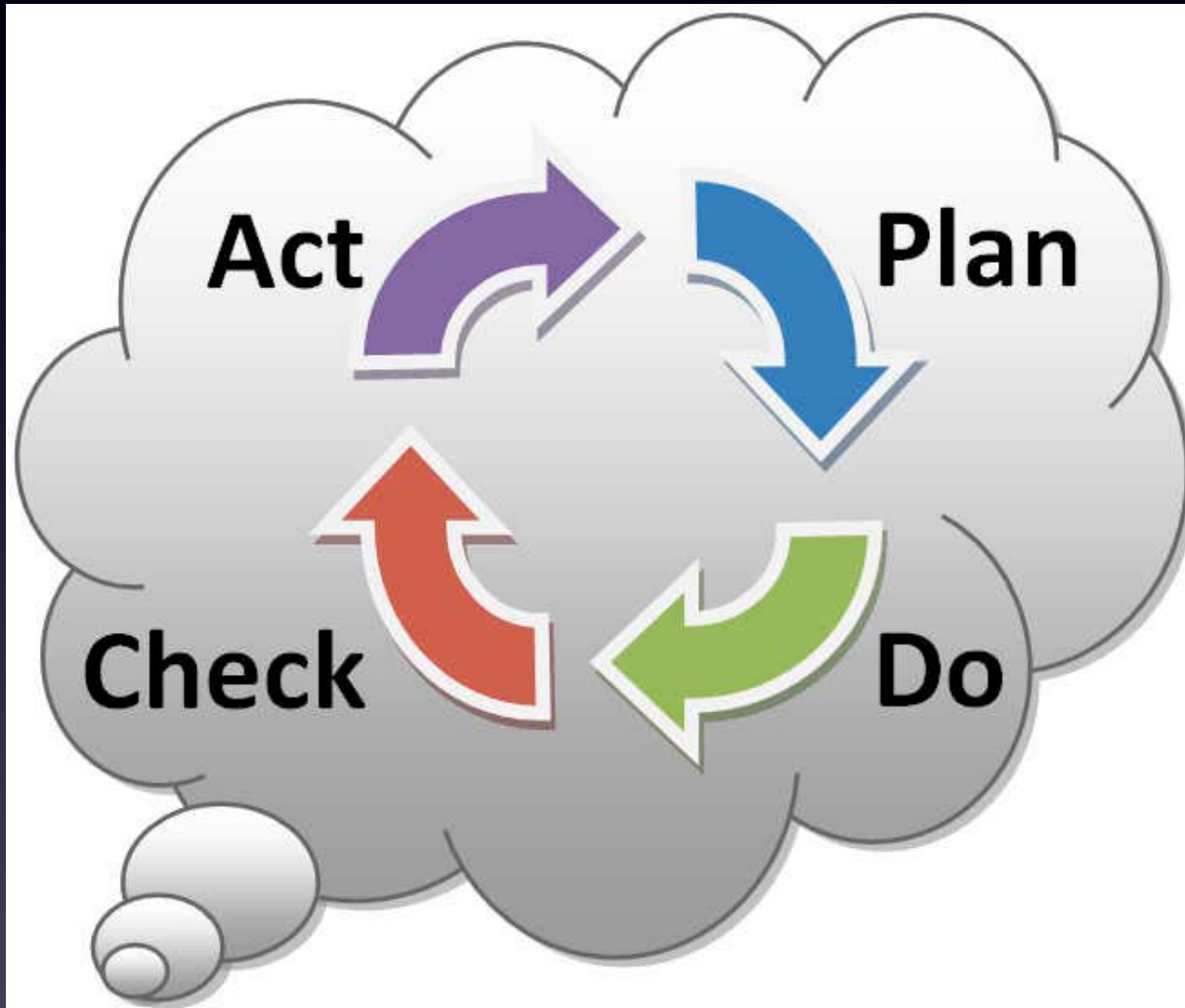
Dialysis today

MMPI score towards depression

Feel “captured” by medical profession

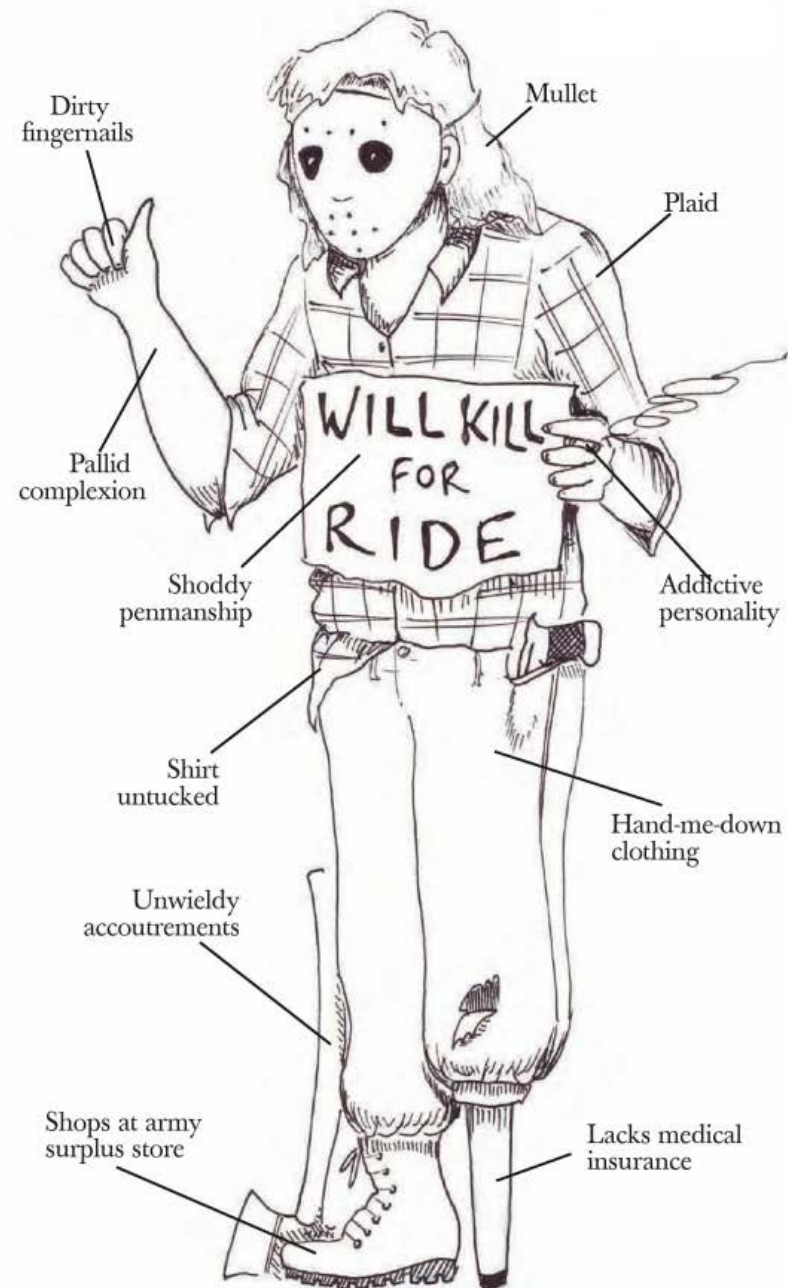
Suicide 7x higher (like other chronic disorders)

attitude





SIGNS OF A DANGEROUS HITCHHIKER



—Dounia Bredes, '11

of now....

*Understanding rhetoric and unravelling it
part of the deeper understanding that we ne*



Symbolism & rhetoric

“How can we deny someone the chance to live?”

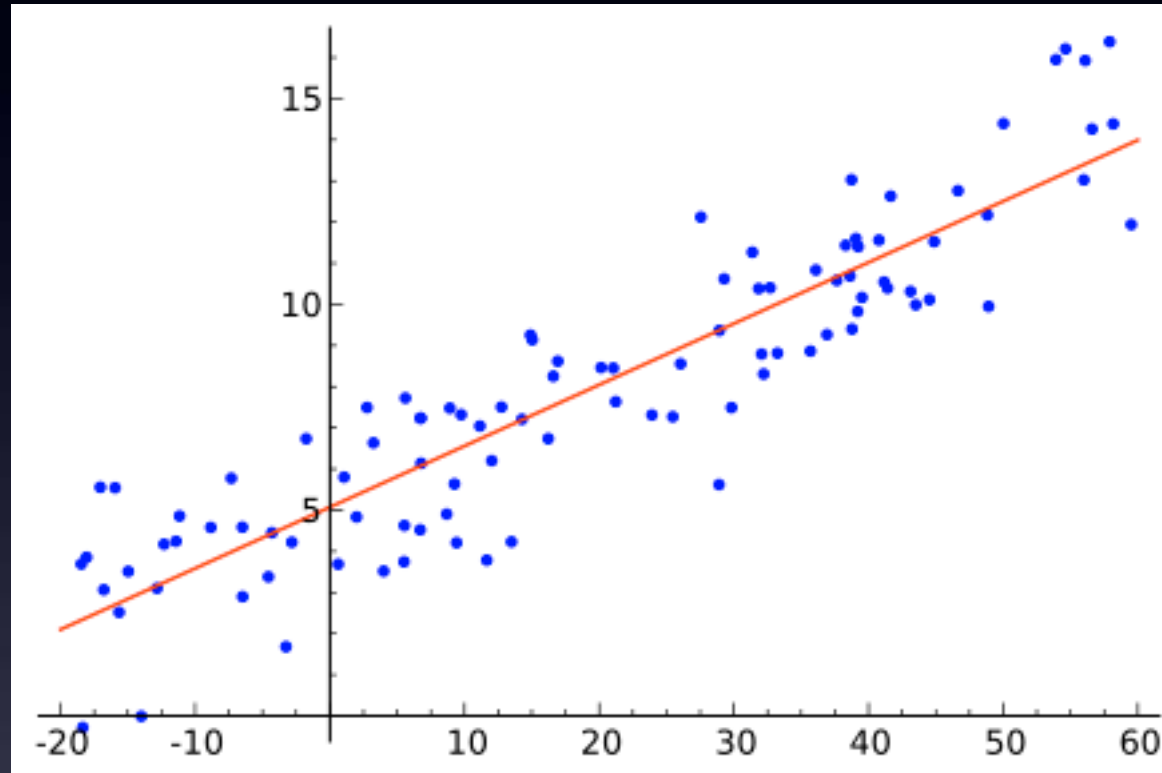
“How do we explain that the only thing that stands
between life and death is dollars”

Back against the wall erases all nuance and debate
about liabilities

Makes a three-dimensional debate two dimensional



Linear absolute of life



Linear absolute of life





CHANGE



medicine

Circle of legitimacy of medical technology
Denial of heterogenous nature of values
Denial of ambivalence of values
Denial of value contradiction
Lack of irony and modesty
Rhetoric and truth



Paradigm ceiling





Pre 1950's medicine

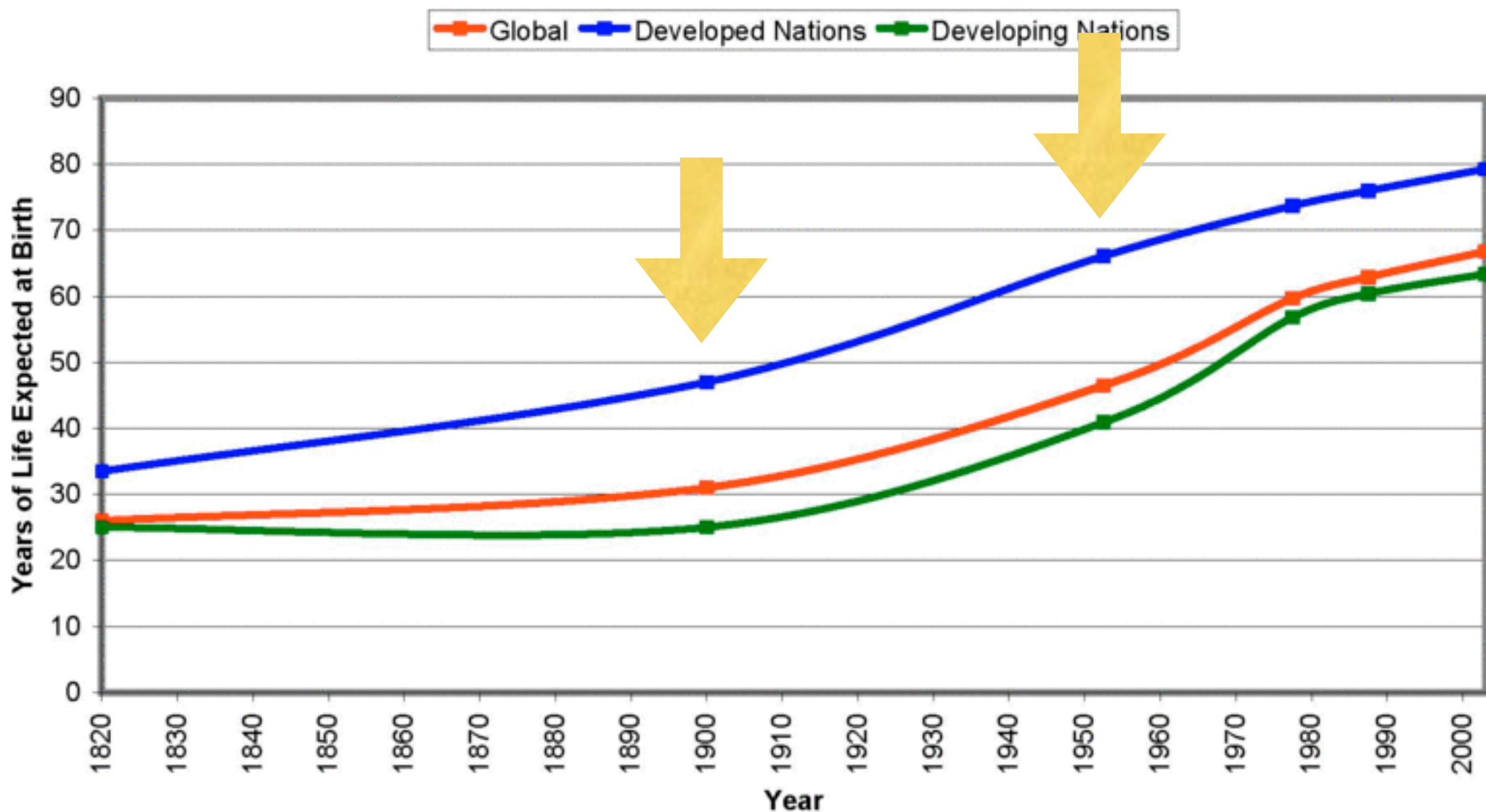
Benefits evident in "life years"

Liabilities little

General hygiene
War trauma (1916)
Immunisation (1914)
Penicillin (1928)



Life Expectancy, 1820-2003



Source: Indur M. Goklany. "The Improving State of our World." Washington, DC: Cato Institute, 2007. 36. France used as a proxy for Developed Nations 1900 and earlier.

Post 1950's medicine

ts << evident in life years

Liabilities I

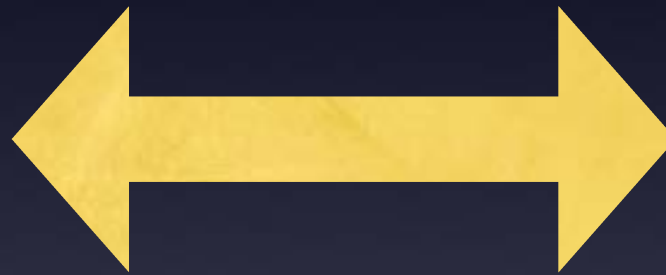
Childhood leucemia
(1950)

Chemotherapy

Heart surgery (1950's)

Transplantation

Hemodialysis



Quality of life
Morbidity
iatrogenic
(thalidomide)

QoL

paradigm

the outcome is life-death all statistic bend
that is why the p-value bias is often ignored - who is to
argue that a 0.3 lesser chance to die is not worth w
is wrong in itself and even more so...
*copy this outside of context of terminal disease is a
major err*

Science



“In *real world*
situations, evidence



Wicked problems

that are multi-causal and idiosyncratic
demand eclectic approach
way clear of “systemic” monolytic approach
“optimizing” to be avoided as a goal
pragmatism and modesty in style



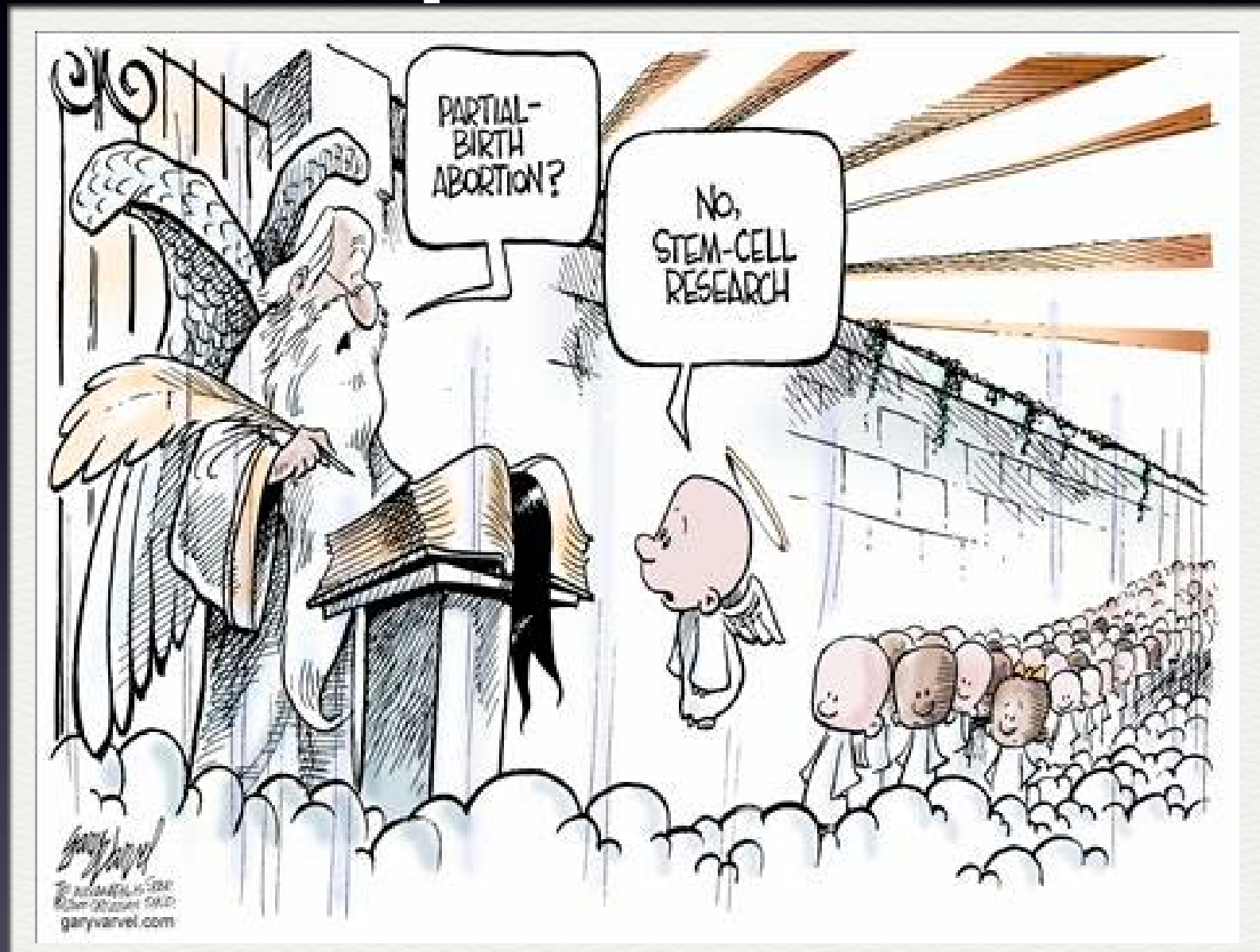
CAN YOU CHANGE THE STATION?
THAT'S THE SAME MUSIC MY GRANDPA
LISTENS TO ON HIS HEARING AID
WHEN IT'S NOT WORKING RIGHT



Why the opacity?



imperative



technology

So why not use it?

There's no use fighting it

It's like Ewing-Capas, just better

There are no losers, just winners

mist?

unclear “Purpose” definition can be convenient
political unspoken purpose premisses
strategic “boldness” to “launch” technology
experimental stage: learn from experiments
deeper & implicit belief in the righteousness of action



Mistaken for “tame”
problem....

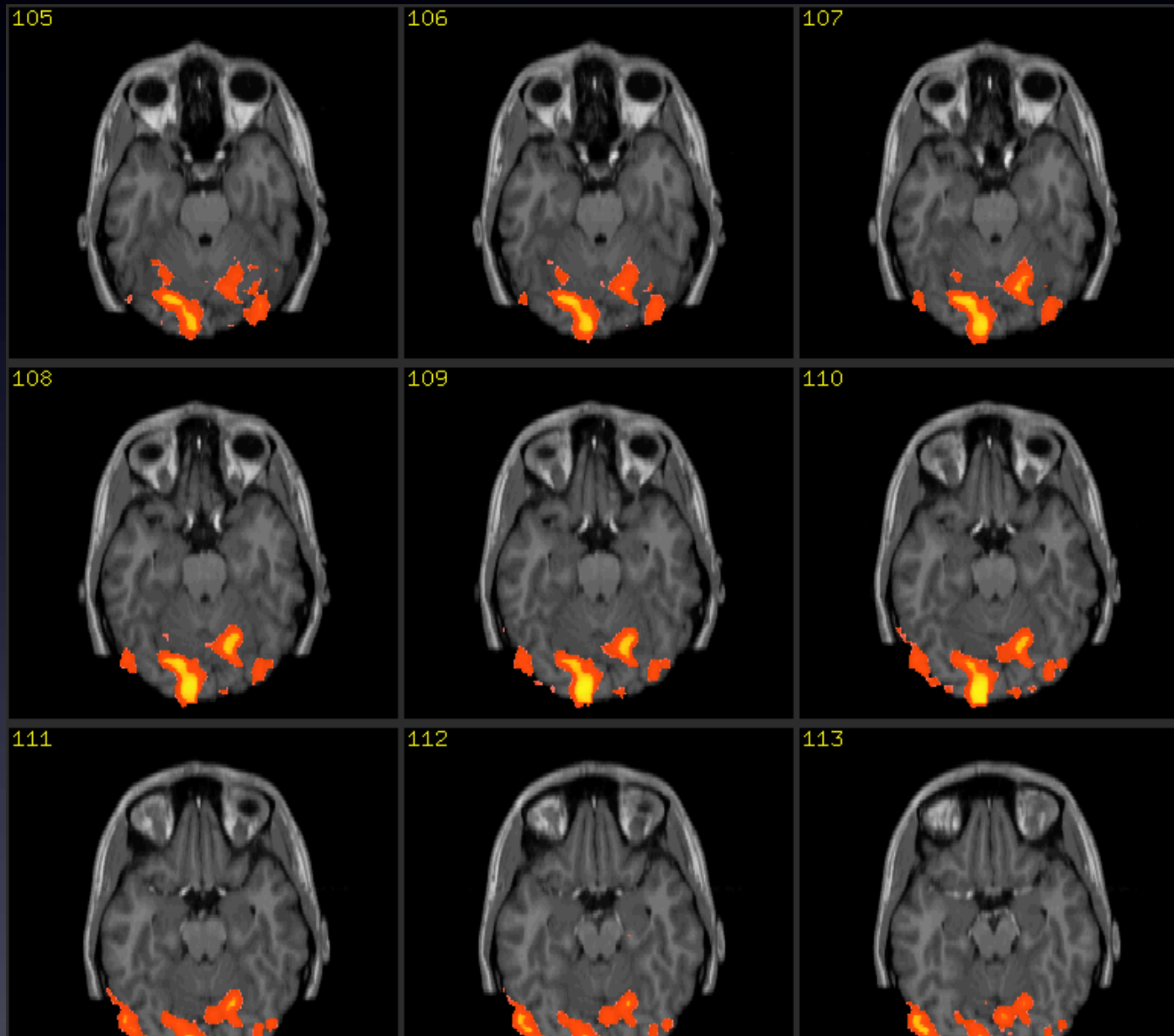
scrutiny either



viewed problems
depower and make
things complex



Shortcuts?



*How can one deny a
child the right to
hearing...even if its
just a little?*

Let Them Hear Foundation

Advocacy Program



Is *every word* gained
really of practical
significance?

Blood brother?



Linear absolute

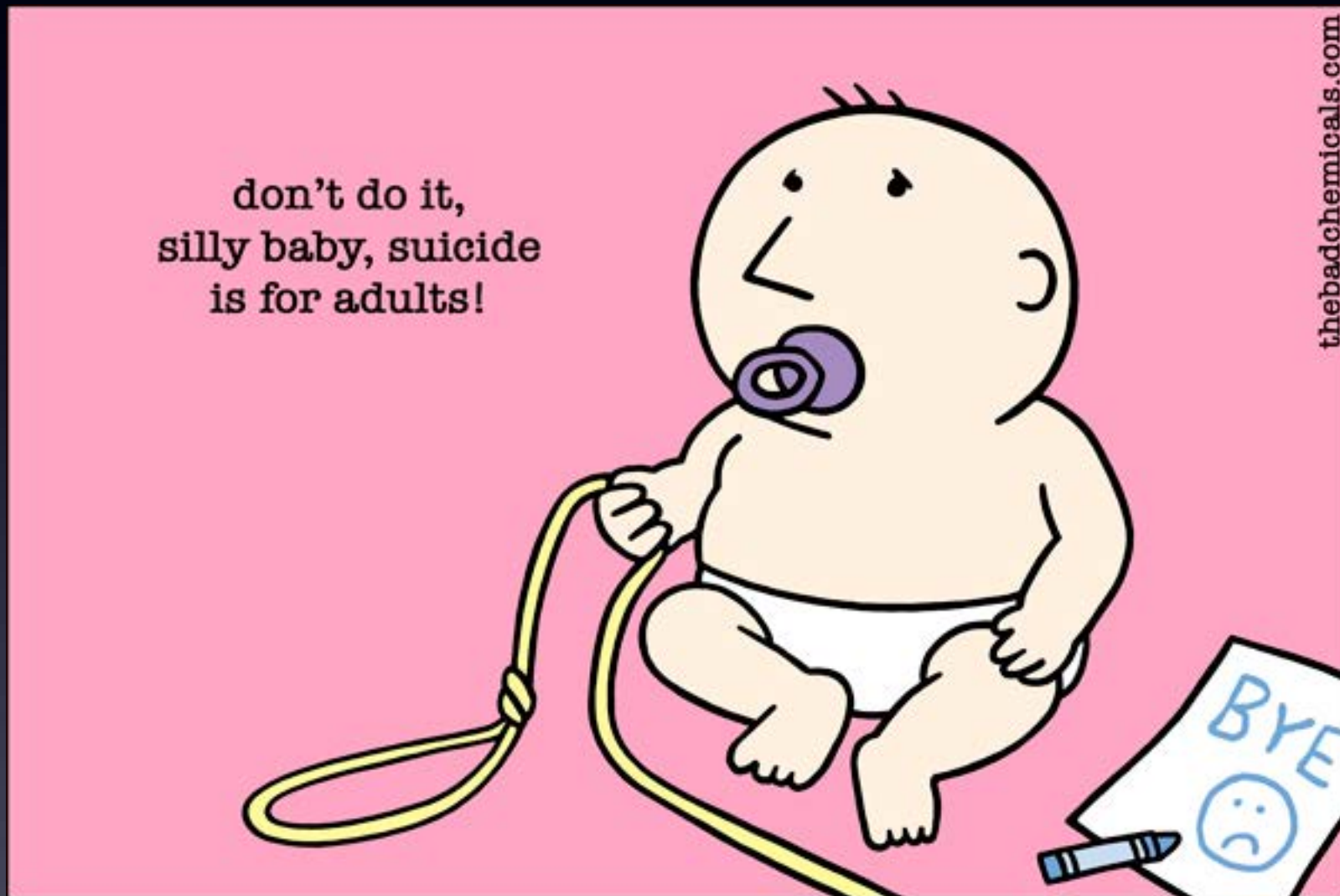


The linear absolute of hearing



“Audism is attitudes and practices based on the assumption that behaving in the ways of those who speak and hear is desired and best. It produces a system of privilege, thus resulting in stigma, bias, discrimination, and prejudice—in overt and covert ways—against Deaf culture, the signed languages of Deaf people, and Deaf people of all walks of life.”

Appropriate?



Foucault

ethical and moral basis always main ingredient of
debate - no short cuts!

When we lose track of this, be alerted

When people tell you these questions are now
“irrelevant” be alerted

When emotions, politics, society is involved, be alerted
hegemony of debate & power intertwined

It not danger

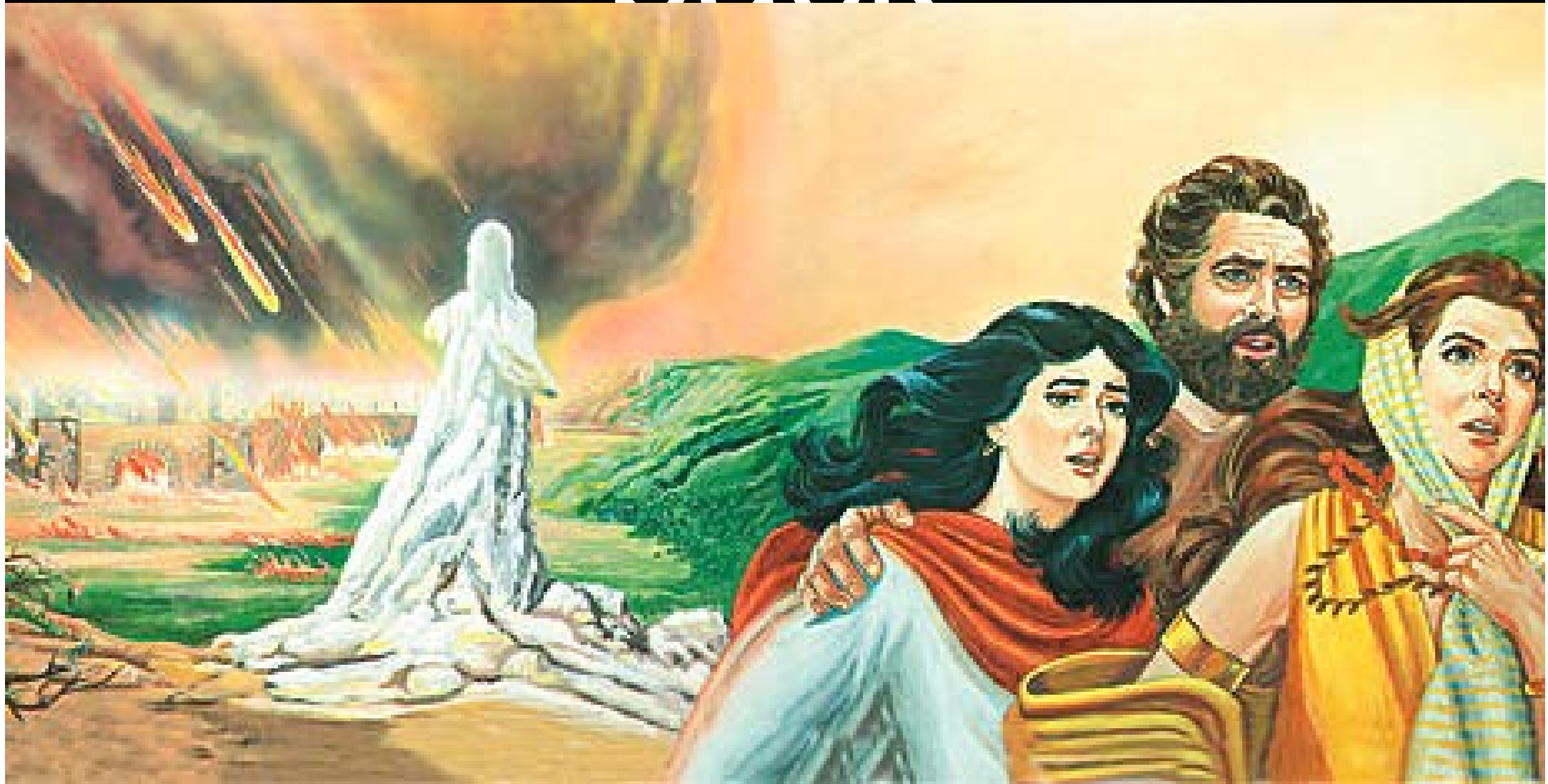
Too repeat history

Children are *too* divers

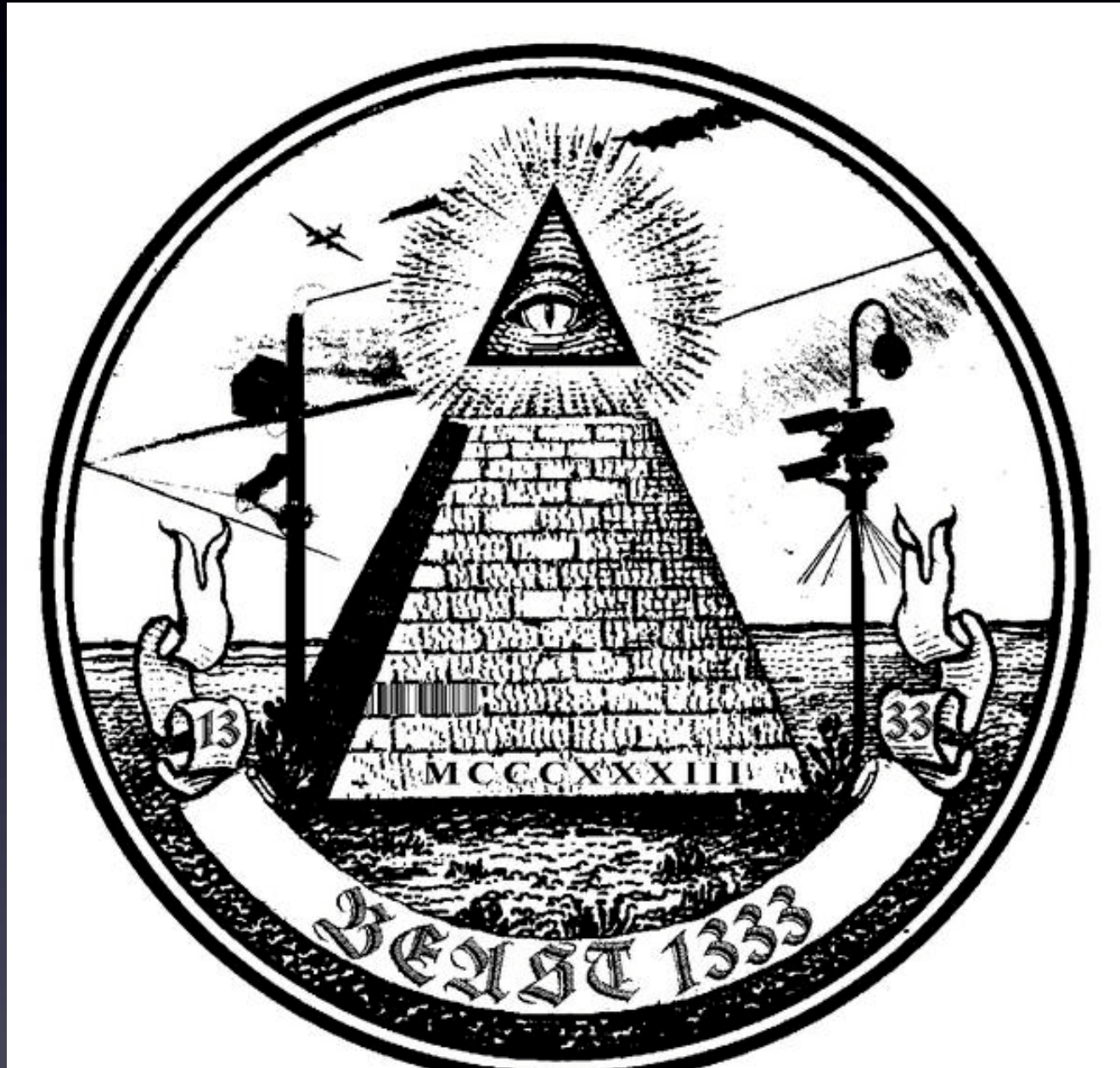
Results too multifactorial and downstream

Values too diametrical positioned

back



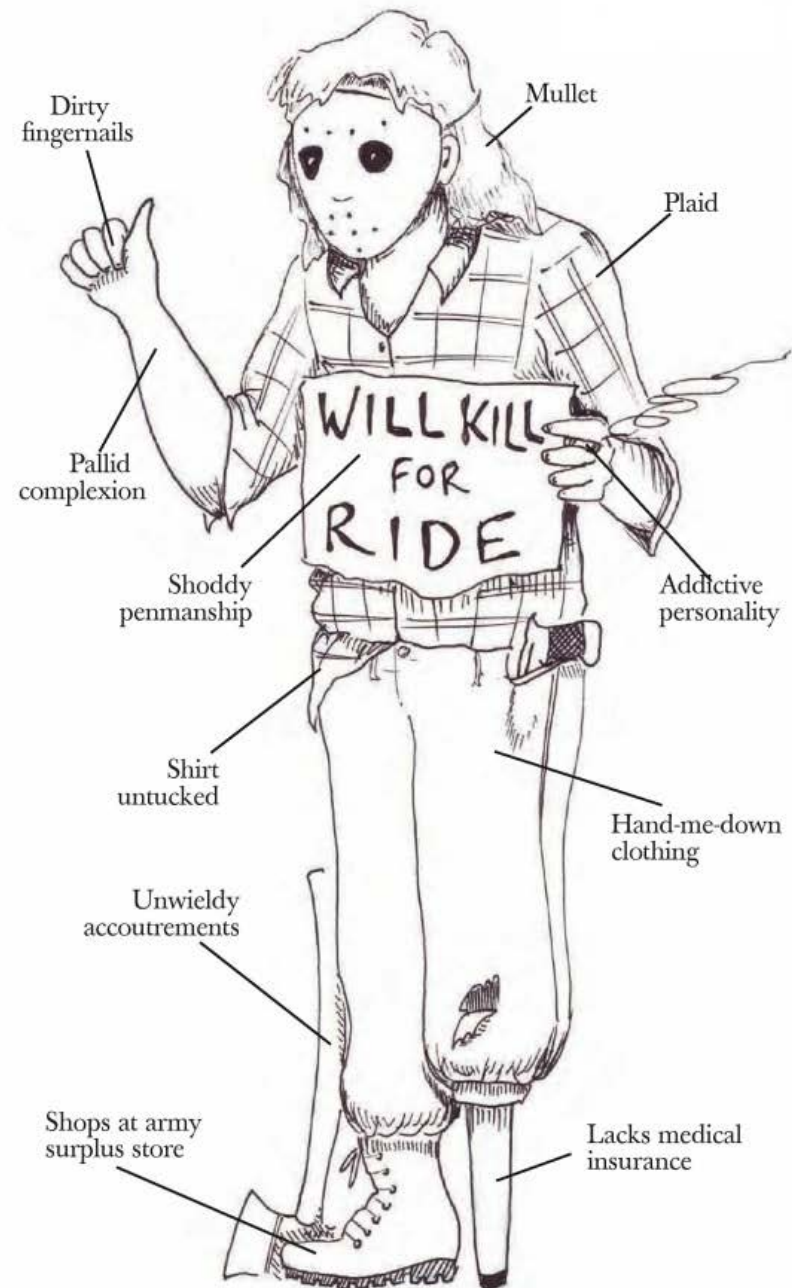
NO SYMBOLISM, HEROISM or rhetoric



heroism



SIGNS OF A DANGEROUS HITCHHIKER



—Dounia Bredes, '11



